Michigan's Smoke Free Law: Guide for Business Owners

What is the smoke-free law?

Michigan's new smoke-free law prohibits smoking in most public places. As of May 1, 2010, all worksites in Michigan (including bars and restaurants) must be smoke-free. Under the new law, smoking is not allowed on patios and decks where services is intended and is also prohibited in enclosed areas of hotels, motels, and inns (including rooms).

Why was the law passed?

When the Michigan legislature passed the new law, it included formal "findings" explaining that secondhand smoke or the smoke released from the burning end of a cigarette and the smoke exhaled by the smoke, "has been proven to cause cancer, heart disease, and asthma attacks in both smokers and nonsmokers. In 2006, a report issued by the United states Surgeon General stated that the scientific evidence indicates that there is no risk-free level of exposure to secondhand smoke." This means that breathing in even a small amount of smoke from someone else's cigarette, cigar or pipe could be harmful to you. The new law will protect people from the harm caused by secondhand smoke.

What does the law require me to do? (See Compliance Check List)
Beginning May 1, 2010, a person in charge of an establishment that is subject to the new smoke-free law must:

- Post required no-smoking signs
- Remove indoor ashtrays and other smoking receptacles, and
- Direct any person who is smoking to extinguish the cigarette, cigar or other lighted tobacco item.

Even if the establishment is already smoke-free, the venue still must post the required signs.